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Was founded in 1989 with the aim of on the basis of fisheries and aquaculture development plan

Iranian Fisheries Science Research Institute Offshore Fisheries Research Center

Located in southeastern of Iran on the coast of Gulf of Oman, Chabahar









10 Scientific member and research expert doing Applied research with support of more than 120 Scientific member of IFSRI



8 Different spices stock maintain in **Phaycolab**







The major activities of the center are Macro algae(Seaweeds) and Micro algae, lobster, tuna Fish, sea cucumber and shrimp reasearch studies.

















Seaweeds(macro algae) and Hypersaline micro algae are the big potentional of Sistan & Baluchistan province costal zone : 541 Km shore line from Gwatr area (with 25°, 10′ N, 61°, 30′ E) to Mydani (25°, 24′ N, 59°, 5′ E) is a rich habitat of different species of seaweeds and micro algae

Rocky Shore

Lipar (Pink)wetlan





Most important achievements of the center over the past 10 years



Atlas of marine algae of Gulf of Oman (Sistan and baluchestan province)

Distribution, abundance and diversity of Phytoplankton in the Gulf of Oman (Sistan and Balouchestan Province)

Biomass estimation of demersal resources in the Oman Sea using swept area method

Polyculture of *Litopenaeus vannamei* shrimp and *Mugil platanus* mullet in Gwater shrimp farm





Survey about commercial catch of the rock lobster, *panulirus homarus* linaeus 1758 in the Iranian seashores of Oman Sea

Effect of different harvesting methods of produced *Dunaliella salina* biomass on beta-carotene extracts

Quantitative evaluation of feeding interaction between some economically important spices and determination of fishing effects on their ecological relation in Oman Sea Investigation on stock status of Indian shrimp (*Penaeus indicus*) stocks in coastal waters of Sistan and Baluchistan province

Identification of appropriat fishing ground for lanternfish in Oman Sea-Sistan and Baluchistan province

Evaluation the effectiveness and protective duration of Vibrio harveyi bacterine in Asian seabass



Among identified seaweeds, there are some important ones such as:

Green seaweed (Ulvaceae, Ulvales) **Red seaweed** (Gigartinales, Gilidaceae, Hypneaceae, Gracilariaceae) **Brown seaweed** (Sargaceae, Fucales).



Every year, in Average 3000 MT of seaweed washes up on beaches of Makoran

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Gharanjik, B. M., Nazari, B., Saeedpour, B., & Valinassab, T. (2016). **Distribution and estimation of washed out seaweeds biomass in Oman Sea coastal waters**. Iranian Scientific Fisheries Journal, 25(3), 51-61.



The foul-smelling Sargassum seaweed devastates the tourism industry and harms fisheries and ocean ecosystems.

Pond culture



Offshore Fisheries Research Center





























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Hafezieh, et al. ,(2014). Using Oman Sea *Sargassum illicifolium* meal for feeding white leg shrimp Litopenaeus vannamei.

Fariman, G. A., Shastan, S. J., & Zahedi, M. M. (2016). Seasonal variation of total lipid, fatty acids, fucoxanthin content, and antioxidant properties of two tropical brown algae (Nizamuddinia zanardinii and Cystoseira indica) from Iran. Journal of Applied Phycology, 28(2), 1323-1331.

Hafezieh, M., et al.,(2017). Dietary effects of seaweed Sargassum ilicifolium on reducing cholesterol level of white leg shrimp (Litopenaeus vannamei). Iranian Journal of Fisheries Sciences, 16(4), 1248-1256.

Taheri, A., et al.,. (2018). Cytotoxic effect of the extract of seaweed Sargassum glaucescens against breast (MCF-7) and colorectal (HT-29) cancer cell lines. KAUMS Journal (FEYZ), 22(3), 292-301.



Khajouei, et al.,(2018). Extraction and characterization of an alginate from the Iranian brown seaweed Nizimuddinia zanardini. International journal of biological macromolecules, 118, 1073-1081.

Shahri, E., at el.,. (2021). Metal Contamination of Oman Sea Seaweed and Its Associated Public Health Risks. Biological Trace Element Research, 1-10.

Akbary, P., et al., (2021). Sterol and fatty acid profiles of three macroalgal species collected from the Chabahar coasts, southeastern Iran. Aquaculture International, 29(1), 155-165.

Gahramzei, M., & Taheri, A. (2021). Antioxidant Properties of Organic Extracts of Seaweed Rhizoclonium Riparium from Oman Sea. Journal of Marine Medicine, 3(2), 107-115.

Hafezieh, M., et al.,(2021). Biochemical composition and investigation on the economic feasibility of sodium alginate production of brown seaweed Sargassum illicifolium (Turner)C. Agardh, 1820 from Chabahar Bay (Gulf of Oman, Iran). Iranian Journal of Fisheries Sciences, 20(1), 1-12.



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	The final production price for one kg feed grade sodium alginate extracted from Sargassum ilicifolium		
	Procedure	Amount	The cost \$
1	Collecting, rinsing and drying	one kg DW seaweed	1.14 \$
2	Chemical including formalin, sulfuric acid and sodium carbonate,ethylic alcohol and bleaching	0.5 lit.	3\$
6	Drying, powdering and packing	Produced one kg sodium alginate	1.2 \$
7	electricity	Produced one kg sodium alginate	0.66 \$
8	Water supplying	Produced one kg sodium alginate	0.33 \$
9	Workers	Produced one kg sodium alginate	1.33 \$
10	Total production cost	Produced one kg sodium alginate	7.66 \$
11	Price in market (Chinese brand)	One kg	11.6 \$
12	Benefit of local production		4\$
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Micro Algae

Attaran Fariman, G., et al. (2014). Identification of local microalgae & their evaluation as live food in aquaculture from Oman Sea.

Totally **25** species were isolated and purified, of which **12** strains were recorded in GenBank and their nutritional potential were assessed.

Dunaliella cf. bardawill, Isochrysis sp. , Cheatoceros sp. , Clorella cf. volgaris, Ochromonas sp. and Synechococcus sp. were the most important species research.

In our Phaycolab 5 species as live food stock

- Chaetoceros calcitrans
- Nannochloropsis Oculata
- Isochrysis galbana
- Skeletonema costatum
- Spirulina sp.





Isolation and identification of *Dunalila salina*

Lipar lagoon, a bar built estuary with highly saline water

- Lipar Lagoon is known as one of Chabahar's main attractions due to its unique nature
- There are hyper Lagoon along the coastal path of Chabahar to Gwadar Bay on the coast of Gulf of Oman.
- look pink because of the presence of phytoplanktons.





In vitro and mas culture was done





Biochemical and molecular characterization(DNA sequence) was done.

Deposited of new Iran strains of *D. salina* in the culture collection of the ACECR





Biomass harvesting of microalgae D. salina

• Based on the obtained results, induction of alkaline environment at pH: 9/8 is an cost-effective technique for harvesting microalgae *D*.*salina*









Amini, M., Khoei, Z. A., & Erfanifar, E. (2019). Nitrate (NO3–) and phosphate (PO43–) removal from aqueous solutions by microalgae *Dunaliella salina*. Biocatalysis and Agricultural Biotechnology, 19, 101097.

Aminikhoei, Z. (2021). Evaluation of flocculation induced by pH increase on harvest efficiency and fatty acids content of microalgae *Dunaliella salina*, isolated from Lipar lagoon-Chabahar. *ISFJ*, 29(6), 109-120.

Attaran-Fariman, G., & Sharifian, S. (2014). Distribution and Abundance of Phytoplankton Species with the Potential of Harmful Bloom in Southeast Coast of Iran. Journal of Oceanography, 5(18), 1-10.

Attaran Fariman, G., & Asefi, M. A. Checklist of Phytoplankton of the Persian Gulf and Sea of Oman. Journal of the Persian Gulf (Marine Science), 10(35), 40-0.

Biomass production and harvesting of Spirulina sp. Saline water strain(On going project)













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Salt marsh / lagoon/ Coastal desert

The ministry of agriculture & Jihad support interested investors with loans and funds



More than 42,000 hectares of Aquaculture site have been identified along the Makran coastline.

Average temperature Chabahar

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https://www.weather-atlas.com/en/iran/chabahar-climate





Average humidity Chabahar





Agah, H., Saleh, A., & Jalili, M. (2021). Assessment of Environmental Parameters in Pre-and Post-Monsoons at Chabahar Bay, Gulf of Oman. Civil Engineering Infrastructures Journal, 54(1), 111-127.

The results showed that water salinity and pH with low variations were relatively higher in post-monsoon.

The average of water alkalinity levels in pre- $(2.42\pm0.02 \text{ mmol H+/kg})$ and post- $(2.44\pm0.01 \text{ mmol/kg})$ monsoons were comparable to that of oceanic surface water (2-2.5 mmol H+/kg).

66 phytoplankton genus and species belonging to 13 groups were identified in pre-monsoon.

Results demonstrated that nutrients were at higher levels inside the Chabahar Bay.

The physicochemical parameters of water samples were investigated and compared with international standards and data from other marine ecosystems.

The results indicated that the water quality falls within the stipulated range of **acceptability** and sampling area can be classified as **a good**, **stable**, **and healthy aquatic ecosystem**.



- ✓ 12 fishing harbors and 6 multi-purpose breakwaters in the coastal strips from east to west of the province
- ✓ Skilled native workforce familiar with navigation and aquaculture techniques
- Access to open water, Good water quality, free of any industrial pollution, on the coasts of the province
- \checkmark Appropriate depth of water at a minimum distance from the shore



Fig 3: Distribution pattern of sediments along Iranian Makran coasts. TOM% and CaCO3% of sediments are also shown



https://en.cfzo.ir/shahrak_detail/8



In collaboration with Sis.&Balu. science and technology park and Chabahar Maritime University : is going to do new areas of algae filed

- ✓ Extraction of high value-added products (polysaccharides, antioxidants...).
- Production of seedlings for large scale farming.(Marine macroalgal nursery)
- ✓ Germination, acclimatization and transplantation of seedlings obtained under laboratory conditions.
- ✓ Identification of carotenoids productivity under controlled conditions (irradiation and temperature).
- ✓ Evaluated to determine the most productive strains and to obtain a pool of potentially exploitable strains for commercial production of β-carotene.







Algae Park In Chabahar





- ✓ Exchange of science and technology through short periods in order to exchange knowledge on the methodology
- ✓ Instrumental techniques used in the field of micro and macro algae biotechnology.
- ✓ Workshops on commercialization techniques.



Thank you for attention

